## C3AP1d Major Trauma - Maxillofacial

The trainee will be able to evaluate the patient who presents with major trauma and to identify and treat the life-threatening presentations, to produce a valid differential diagnosis, appropriate investigation and implement a management plan. The trainee builds on previous training with more detailed knowledge, skills and behaviours

## Maxillofacial trauma - to identify those patients and characterise their injuries, including eye trauma

Knowledge	Assessment Methods	GMP Domains
Know the anatomy of the facial structures	E, Mi, C, ACAT	1
Know when underlying structures may be at risk from facial lacerations-specifically parotid duct, facial nerve and lacrimal duct	E, Mi, C, ACAT	1
Be able to identify and initially manage nasal, Le Fort, mandibular, orbital and zygomatic fractures and TMJ dislocation. Be able to identify and initially manage dental fractures, tooth avulsion	E, Mi, C, ACAT	1
Be able to recognise hyphaema, lens dislocation, orbital floor fractures, penetrating injuries of the eye and eyelid lacerations	E, Mi, C, ACAT	1
Skills		
Be able to systematically assess the facial structures and recognise when the airway is threatened	Mi, C, D	1
Be able to initiate management of torrential nasopharyngeal bleeding by the use of Foley catheters and reduction of mid-face fractures	Mi. C, D	1
Behaviour		
Know when to refer to maxillofacial specialists in a timely fashion	Mi. C	2